UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE MEMPHIS DIVISION

XAVIER FLEMMING,		
Plaintiff,		CASE NO.:
v.		
ALLY FINANCIAL, INC.,		
Defendant.	1	
	/	

COMPLAINT AND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

COMES NOW, Plaintiff, XAVIER FLEMMING, by and through the undersigned counsel, and sues Defendant, ALLY FINANCIAL, INC., and in support thereof respectfully alleges violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq. ("TCPA").

INTRODUCTION

- 1. The TCPA was enacted to prevent companies like ALLY FINANCIAL, INC. from invading American citizen's privacy and to prevent abusive "robo-calls."
- 2. "The TCPA is designed to protect individual consumers from receiving intrusive and unwanted telephone calls." *Mims v. Arrow Fin. Servs., LLC*, 132 S. Ct. 740 (2012).
- 3. "Senator Hollings, the TCPA's sponsor, described these calls as 'the *1256 scourge of modern civilization, they wake us up in the morning; they interrupt our dinner at night; they force the sick and elderly out of bed; they hound us until we want to rip the telephone out of the wall." 137 Cong. Rec. 30, 821 (1991). Senator Hollings presumably intended to give telephone subscribers another option: telling the autodialers to simply stop calling." *Osorio v. State Farm Bank, F.S.B.*, 746 F. 3d 1242 (11th Cir. 2014).

4. According to the Federal Communications Commission (FCC), "Unwanted calls and texts are the number one complaint to the FCC. There are thousands of complaints to the FCC every month on both telemarketing and robocalls. The FCC received more than 215,000 TCPA complaints in 2014." *Fact Sheet: Wheeler Proposal to Protect and Empower Consumers Against Unwanted Robocalls, Texts to Wireless Phones*, Federal Communications Commission, (May 27, 2015), https://apps.fcc.gov/edocs-public/attachmatch/DOC-333676A1.pdf.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 5. Jurisdiction and venue for purposes of this action are appropriate and conferred by 28 U.S.C. § 1331, Federal Question Jurisdiction, as this action involves violations of the TCPA.
- 6. Subject matter jurisdiction, federal question jurisdiction, for purposes of this action is appropriate and conferred by 28 U.S.C. § 1331, which provides that the district courts shall have original jurisdiction of all civil actions arising under the Constitution, laws, or treaties of the United States; and this action involves violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A)(iii). See *Mims v. Arrow Fin. Servs., LLC*, S.Ct. 740, 748 (2012) and *Osorio v. State Farm Bank, F.S.B.*, 746 F.3d 1242, 1249 (11th Cir. 2014).
- 7. The alleged violations described herein occurred in Shelby County, Tennessee. Accordingly, venue is appropriate with this Court under 28 U.S.C. §1391(b)(2), as it is the judicial district in which a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to this action occurred.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

8. Plaintiff is a natural person, and citizen of the State of Tennessee, residing in Shelby County, Tennessee.

- 9. Plaintiff is the "called party." See *Breslow v. Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.*, 755 F. 3d 1265 (11th Cir. 2014) and *Osorio v. State Farm Bank, F.S.B.*, 746 F.3d 1242 (11th Cir. 2014).
- 10. Defendant is a corporation which was formed in Delaware with its principal place of business located at 500 Woodward Avenue and which conducts business in the State of Tennessee through its registered agent, C T Corporation System, located at 300 Montvue Road, Knoxville, Tennessee 37919.
- 11. Defendant called Plaintiff approximately one hundred and fifty (150) times in an attempt to collect an alleged debt.
- 12. Upon information and belief, some or all of the calls Defendant made to Plaintiff's cellular telephone number were made using an "automatic telephone dialing system" which has the capacity to store or produce telephone numbers to be called, using a random or sequential number generator (including but not limited to a predictive dialer) or an artificial or prerecorded voice; and to dial such numbers as specified by 47 U.S.C § 227(a)(1) (hereinafter "autodialer calls"). Plaintiff will testify that his knew it was an autodialer because of the vast number of calls he received and because he heard a pause when he answered his phone before a voice came on the line and he received prerecorded messages from Defendant.
- 13. Plaintiff is the subscriber, regular user and carrier of the cellular telephone number (901) ***-9447 and was the called party and recipient of Defendant's calls.
- 14. Defendant placed an exorbitant number of automated calls and automated texts to Plaintiff's cellular telephone (901) ***-9447 in an attempt to collect on an alleged debt.
- 15. Upon receipt of the calls from Defendant, Plaintiff's caller ID identified the calls were being initiated from, but not limited to, the following telephone numbers: (888) 925-2559; (501) 821-8353; (866) 891-8876; (866) 205-3665; (888) 282-3139 and (855) 306-6998.

- 16. On several occasions over the last four (4) years, Plaintiff instructed Defendant's agent(s) to stop calling his cellular telephone.
- 17. In or about October of 2017, Plaintiff answered a call from Defendant to his aforementioned cellular telephone number. Plaintiff spoke to an agent/representative of Defendant and informed the agent/representative that the calls to his cellular telephone were harassing and demanded that they cease calling is cellular telephone number.
- 18. Each subsequent call Defendant made to Plaintiff's aforementioned cellular telephone number was knowing and willful and done so without the "express consent" of Plaintiff.
- 19. Despite clearly and unequivocally revoking any consent Defendant may have believed they had to call Plaintiff on his cellular telephone, Defendant continues to place automated calls to Plaintiff.
- 20. Again or about November of 2017, Plaintiff answered an automated call from Defendant to his cellular telephone. Plaintiff again demanded a cessation of calls to his cellular telephone from Defendant to the agent/representative of Defendant on the line.
- 21. Due to the constant barrage of telephone calls, Plaintiff again answered a call from Defendant in or about January of 2018. Plaintiff yet again demanded a cessation of calls to his cellular telephone from Defendant to the agent/representative of Defendant on the line
- 22. Plaintiff's numerous conversations with Defendant's agent(s)/representative(s) over the telephone wherein he demanded a cessation of calls were in vain as Defendant continues to bombard him with automated calls unabated.

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- 23. Defendant intentionally harassed and abused Plaintiff on numerous occasions by calling several times during one day, and on back to back days, with such frequency as can reasonably be expected to harass.
- 24. Defendant has a corporate policy to use an automatic telephone dialing system or a pre-recorded or artificial voice to individuals just as they did to Plaintiff's cellular telephone in this case.
- 25. Defendant has a corporate policy to use an automatic telephone dialing system or a pre-recorded or artificial voice, just as they did to the Plaintiff's cellular telephone in this case, with no way for the consumer, or Defendant, to remove the number.
- 26. Defendant's corporate policy is structured so as to continue to call individuals like Plaintiff, despite these individuals explaining to Defendant they do not wish to be called.
- 27. Defendant has numerous other federal lawsuits pending against them alleging similar violations as stated in this Complaint.
- 28. Defendant has numerous complaints against it across the country asserting that its automatic telephone dialing system continues to call despite being requested to stop.
- 29. Defendant has had numerous complaints against it from consumers across the country asking to not be called, however Defendant continues to call these individuals.
- 30. Defendant's corporate policy provided no means for Plaintiff to have Plaintiff's number removed from Defendant call list.
- 31. Defendant has a corporate policy to harass and abuse individuals despite actual knowledge the called parties do not wish to be called.
- 32. Not one of Defendant's telephone calls placed to Plaintiff were for "emergency purposes" as specified in 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A).

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- 33. Defendant willfully and/or knowingly violated the TCPA with respect to Plaintiff.
- 34. From each and every call placed without express consent by Defendant to Plaintiff's cell phone, Plaintiff suffered the injury of invasion of privacy and the intrusion upon his right of seclusion.
- 35. From each and every call without express consent placed by Defendant to Plaintiff's cell phone, Plaintiff suffered the injury of the occupation of his cellular telephone line and cellular phone by unwelcome calls, making the phone unavailable for legitimate callers or outgoing calls while the phone was ringing from Defendant's call.
- 36. From each and every call placed without express consent by Defendant to Plaintiff's cell phone, Plaintiff suffered the injury of unnecessary expenditure of his time. For calls he answered, the time he spent on the call was unnecessary as he repeatedly asked for the calls to stop. Even for unanswered calls, Plaintiff had to waste time to unlock the phone and deal with missed call notifications and call logs that reflect the unwanted calls. This also impaired the usefulness of these features of Plaintiff's cellular phone, which are designed to inform the user of important missed communications.
- 37. Each and every call placed without express consent by Defendant to Plaintiff's cell phone was an injury in the form of a nuisance and annoyance to the Plaintiff. For calls that were answered, Plaintiff had to go to the unnecessary trouble of answering them. Even for unanswered calls, Plaintiff had to waste time to unlock the phone and deal with missed call notifications and call logs that reflected the unwanted calls. This also impaired the usefulness of these features of Plaintiff's cellular phone, which are designed to inform the user of important missed communications.

- 38. Each and every call placed without express consent by Defendant to Plaintiff's cell phone resulted in the injury of unnecessary expenditure of Plaintiff's cell phone's battery power.
- 39. Each and every call placed without express consent by Defendant to Plaintiff's cell phone where a voice message was left which occupied space in Plaintiff's phone or network.
- 40. Each and every call placed without express consent by Defendant to Plaintiff's cell phone resulted in the injury of a trespass to Plaintiff's chattel, namely his cellular phone and his cellular phone services.
- 41. As a result of the calls described above, Plaintiff suffered an invasion of privacy. Plaintiff was also affect in a personal and individualized way by stress, anxiety and embarrassment.

COUNT I (Violation of the TCPA)

- 42. Plaintiff fully incorporates and re-alleges paragraphs one (1) through forty-one (41) as if fully set forth herein.
- 43. Defendant willfully violated the TCPA with respect to Plaintiff, specifically for each of the auto-dialer calls made to Plaintiff's cellular telephone after Plaintiff notified Defendant that Plaintiff wished for the calls to stop
- 44. Defendant repeatedly placed non-emergency telephone calls to Plaintiff's cellular telephone using an automatic telephone dialing system or prerecorded or artificial voice without Plaintiff's prior express consent in violation of federal law, including 47 U.S.C § 227(b)(1)(A)(iii).

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable and judgment against ALLY FINANCIAL, INC. for statutory damages, punitive damages, actual

damages, treble damages, enjoinder from further violations of these parts and any other such relief the court may deem just and proper.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Frank H. Kerney, III

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